Content

Myself

Key Vocabulary:

key vocabulary

(Moi et ma famille)

Key Knowledge

Classroom language, alphabet, name, numbers 0-31, age. Days of the week, month of the year. Birthday, family and physical descriptions, colours, pets Introduce the verbs 'avoir' and 'être' using the 'je' and

Curriculum links

agreements

'tu' form. Adjectival

Students will build on their knowledge of verbs in the present tense using the 1st 2nd and 3rd person and the concept of positive and negative sentences.

Cultural Capital

Developing an understanding of different family traditions compared to the UK.

Content

Where I live

Key Vocabulary:

key vocabulary

(Moi et ma famille)

(Mon environnement)

Kev knowledge

Types of accommodation, countryside/town, opinions, place in town.

Prepositions, directions and the introduction of conditional tense only in the form - 'je voudrais'

Curriculum Links

More exposure to longer sentences using connectives and opinions.

Movement from present tense to conditional

Adjectives being met more frequently.

Cultural Capital

Develop an understanding of the geographical layout of France and the different types of houses

Respect other traditions / cultures.

Use of subject specific vocabulary and grammatical terminology.

Content

House and Home - rooms

Key Vocabulary

key vocabulary

(Mon environnement)

Key Knowledge

Rooms in a house and placement, my bedroom and objects. Ideal home.

Prepositions, use of il y a and recall of 'je voudrais'.

Festival 'le chandleur'

Curriculum Links

Students will build on their knowledge of verb conjugations and adjectival forms

Cultural Capital

Respect for other traditions / systems

Use of subject specific vocabulary

Literacy links throughout.

Festival 'le chandleur'

Content

School

Key Vocabulary:

key vocabulary

(La vie au quotidien)

Key Knowledge

School subjects, opinions on school, description of school facilities, telling the time.

Likes and dislikes, opinions and connectives.

Numbers 31-60

Curriculum Links

Students will consolidate their grasp of verbs in the 1st and 2nd person with the introduction of 'j'aime' and 'je n'aime pas' and use of il y a plus use of negatives.

Students will form longer sentences using negatives, connectives and opinions/adjectives.

Recall of numbers 1-31

Introduction of 'plus/moins' in analogue times.

Cultural Capital

Developing an understanding of the French educational system.

Content

School uniform and daily routine.

Key Vocabulary:

Key vocabulary

(la vie au quotidien)

Key knowledge

School uniform, daily routine, opinions.

Placement of adjectives, colours and use of 'je porte'.

Curriculum Links

Students will build on their knowledge of verb conjugation 1st to the 3rd person. Introduction of reflexive verbs and 'je porte'.

Use of two verbs together i.e. j'aime porter...

Use of adjectival forms and placement of adjectives.

Cultural Capital

Comparison of an English student's daily school routine to a French student's daily school routine.

Respect for other cultures/traditions.

Content

Freetime

Key Vocabulary

key vocabulary

(Les loisirs)

Key Knowledge

Sports, hobbies, days of the week, what you do on the weekend. Weather

Introduce the verbs patterns 'jouer à' and 'faire de'

recapping 1st and 2nd and 3rd person singular.

Introduction of 3rd person plural.

Question Forms

Si construction with future tense - 'je vais + infinitive.

Curriculum Links

Review and develop knowledge of verb forms (1^{st,} 2nd and 3rd person singular)

Cultural Capital

Compare the different ways French and English people spend their Freetime.

Popular sports and how they vary from country to country.

Respect for others – listening, suggesting alternative answers / ideas and respecting other points of view / traditions	Literacy links throughout	Respect for other cultures/traditions. Use of subject specific vocabulary and grammatical terminology	Use of subject specific vocabulary and grammatical terminology	Use of subject specific vocabulary.

Content

Holidays

Key Vocabulary:

key vocabulary

(Mon environnement)

Key Knowledge

Countries and continents, places of interest, activities relating to holidaying, cardinal points and transport.

Introduce en/au, à la, aux, du, de la ... infinitives – faire, voyager, prendre

Countries.

Curriculum links

Students will build on their knowledge of three tenses in all persons and the concept of positive and negative sentences.

Time starter references

Cultural Capital

Identifying French speaking countries. Places of interest and why they are famous.

Content

Cinema, music and film

Key Vocabulary:

key vocabulary

(Les Loisirs)

Key Knowledge

Types of films, TV programmes, types of music, types of books, likes and dislikes, opinions and connectives.

New technology activities.

Frequency phrases

Curriculum Links

Students will revisit 'j'aime and je n'aime pas and extend to specific preferences using 'mon film préféré c'est'

Students will form longer sentences using connectives, opinions/adjectives and frequency phrases.

More complex questioning.

Cultural Capital

Introduction to French films and writers as well as French music and composers.

Respect for other cultures/traditions.

Content

Famous tourist sites in France.

Key Vocabulary

une abbaye sur une île, un parc d'attraction futuristique, une dune de sable géante, un canyon, un parc d'attraction historique, un musée, une tour en métal.

(Mon environnement)

Key Knowledge

Famous french tourist sites;

Mont Saint Michel, Futuroscope, Dune du Pilat, Gorges du Verdon, Puy du Fou, Louvre,Tour Eiffel.

Adjectives verbs - se trouver, se situer. Likes and dislikes and opinions.

Curriculum Links

Introduce placement verbs - se trouver, se situer. Revisit cardinal point:

Revisit cardinal points using specific places. Revisiting adjectival positioning.

Content

Paris, cities and sites of interest

Key Vocabulary:

key vocabulary

(Mon environnement)

Key knowledge

Paris, getting to know Paris, recapping à la, au, aux.

Tour Eiffel, Le Louvre, l'Arc de triomphe, Notre Dame. Introduction of 'on peut',

Curriculum Links

'on doit'

Recall and recognise 'il y a'

Focus on the two ways of
forming the 1st person
plural ('on' and 'nous') and
modal yerbs.

Revisiting the use of infinitives.

Recall of opinion phrases

Introduction of Passe-Compose of regular verbs

Cultural Capital

Knowledge of Paris and its famous sites.

Respect other traditions / cultures.

Use of subject specific vocabulary and grammatical terminology.

Content

Festivals

Key Vocabulary

key vocabulary

Key Knowledge

Introduce different types of Festivals/ activities/amenities. Revisit modal verbs – 'pouvoir and devoir'

Curriculum Links

Students will recap present use of modal verbs and introduction of conditional tense.

Develop strategies for translating/understanding more complex sentences.

Cultural Capital

Find out about the different festivals and where they take place in France.

Developing an understanding of and use of grammatical terminology.

Content

Jobs, places of work, future plans.

Key Vocabulary

key vocabulary

(Le monde du travail)

Key Knowledge

Variety of jobs, places of work, university or work. What you would like to be/do and why with 'ca serait' + adjective.

Curriculum Links

Students will revisit the conditional tense using 'je voudrais' plus infinitive

Cultural Capital

Respect for other traditions / systems

Use of subject specific vocabulary

Literacy links throughout

Thinking about future plan

Respect for others – listening, suggesting alternative answers / ideas and respecting other points of view / traditions. UNESCO sites	Use of subject specific vocabulary and grammatical terminology	Extending likes and dislikes to specific places and enabling use of more descriptive adjectives. Cultural Capital Knowledge of famous	Literacy links throughout	
		French tourist sites. Respect other traditions/cultures. Use of subject specific vocabulary and grammatical terminology. Literacy links throughout		

Content:

Food and drink

Key Vocabulary:

Viande, produits laitiers, légumes, glucides, pâtes, sucreries, fromage, nourriture, aliments, repas, curry au..., sandwich au..., glace au ...crêpe/galette au... Boissons froides/fraîches /chaudes / gazeuses.

Different types of coffee, tea flavours, milkshake flavours, avec du sucre, lait, lait chaud/froid, glacons, paille... Je mange, je bois, je prends, pour le petit déjeuner, pour le dêjeuner, pour le dêjeuner, pour le goûter, avant de me coucher, sauter les repas, suivre un régime équilibré, Le/la...vient de + place.

A/en/au + PLACE, on mange/ ils mangent du/de la/ des...

Le/la + food est un plat populaire à/en/au/aux + PLACE car ...

Content:

Shopping

Key Vocabulary:

Plus, moins, fois, pair/ impair, monnaie (change), argent, carte de crédit, en pièces, en liquide, distributeur, argent de poche Je reçois, je dépense

Je reçois, je dépense mon argent pour..., je fais des économies, la moitié, les soldes, cher, moins cher, bon marché, coûteux, peu coûteux...

Beaucoup de, plusieurs, quelques, un bon nombre de, pas mal de, un kilo de, 500 grammes de...un peu de, une tranche de, un morceau de, une assiette de, un petit peu de, trop de, moins de, un litre de, un demi, un paquet de, assez de...

Un tiers de, trois quarts de, la moitié...

Content:

dix ans...

Healthy Living

Key Vocabulary:

Time references:

Quand j'étais plus
jeune, dans le passé,
il y a cing ans, il y a

Mais maintenant, aujourd'hui, de nos jours, d'habitude,,,

Je menais une vie plus/moins/aussi saine que

Je mène une vie plus/moins/ aussi saine que...

C'est/ c'était mieux/ pire que maintenant/ qu'auparavant

Je devrais/pourrais manger/boire plus de/ moins de... Car ca serait...

Content:

Physical wellbeing

Key Vocabulary:

FAIRE:Je fais/on fait
Je faisais/ on faisait
J'ai fait/ on a fait
Je vais faire/ on va faire
JOUER: je joue/on joue,
je jouais, on jouait, j'ai
joué, on a joué, je vais
jouer, on va jouer

Dans le parc, au patinoire, au club de jeunesse, MdJ, au stade, le centre de sports, la piscine (à l'intérieur/ à l'extérieur), au centre de loisirs, dans la mer, dans le champ, sur la plage, au gymnase, en ville, à l'école, à la campagne, dans les espaces verts...

Souvent, une/deux fois par semaine, tous les jours, pas souvent, ne +jamais

Un manque de..

Content:

Healthy and unhealthy habits

Key Vocabulary:

Je fume, je ne fume pas, par jour, car c'est. certains ieunes fument car. ils pensent que c'est, je pense que c'est, une perte de temps/ d'argent, mauvais pour la santé, malodorant, dégoûta nt, le cancer du poumon, vapoter, l'odeur, la fumée, la gorge, la bouche, les ongles, les cheveux. nuisible. néfaste. la pression, ca coute les yeux de la tete, imiter leurs copains, ils veulent, je ne fumerai jamais, moins cher, trop cher, le tabac, quitter le tabac, arrêter de fumer, accro, le cerveau

Content:

Exploring French
History and Culture

Key Vocabulary:

Le Maghreb, L'Algérie, la Tunisie, le Maroc, prendre appel a, reconstruire la France. immeubles. banlieus, envoyer l'argent, accueillir leur famille. déménager en France, immigré, immigration, conditions de vie, emploi, etre bien pavé/rémunéré. mieux que, préjugés, bouc émissaire. racisme, chômage, problèmes économiques, Trente Glorieuses, après la **Seconde Guerre** Mondiale, mort(s), blessé(s), bombardements, manque d'infrastructure. manque d'écoles, d'églises, d'hôpitaux, de magasins, de logement,

Dans cette région, il y a beaucoup de ...il fait...le/la ____ est très moins cher car...

C'est une région côtière alors on y trouve ...(fruits de mer)

C'est une région agricole alors on y trouve (vaches, boeufs, porcs, etc)

C'est une région ensoleillée/sèche alors on y trouve (vignobles, oliviers, tournesols, chèvres, citrons, citrons-verts etc)

C'est une région pluvieuse alors on y trouve (pommiers, cérisiers, cidre, herbe/arbres, vaches, lait, beurre, fromage etc) Le/la/les + food + contient/contiennent + content Different departments in a supermarket (rayons)

Conversations "à la caisse"

Avez-vous...

Où est/ se trouve....

Je cherche..

Je peux vous aider?

Je veux...

J'ai besoin de...

Vous désirez?

Et avec ceci?

Voilà

Et comme boisson? Entrée? Plat principal? Et comme dessert? Qu'est-ce que c'est?

Sans / avec...

Sel / poivre/ sauce...

Ma viande est: cru / saignant / trop bien cuit

Mon repas est froid/ trop salé, trop épicé / amer /sucré

Il n'y a pas assez de choix

Je suis allergique à la / au / aux...

Si je mangeais / buvais plus de / moins de...je serais plus/moins + ADJ (fatigué(e), en forme, j'aurais + noun (plus d'énergie), je

pourrais me

concentrer...

La pression des pairs/du groupe, l'argent, cher/ moins cher/ produits biologiques, fast food, populaire, sociable, goûteux, les pubs/ la publicité, pratique, vite, manger sur le pouce, sain, malsain,

The three harmful

Nocif, néfaste, nuisible

Sur l'image on peut voir...

Les chiffrent semblent optimistes/ pessimistes Le conseil/notre école devrait construire/reconstruire/ remplacer...

fermé/ ouvert

La tête, le cou, les épaules, le bras, la main, les doigts, les doigts de pied, l'estomac, les jambes, le genou, le pied, le visage, le nez, les yeux, les dents, le cerveau, les poumons, le foie, le dos, la cheville, le coude

J'ai mal + a la / au / aux...

J'ai chaud, froid, faim, soif...

Pansement, sparadrap, sirop, comprimés, prenez, avalez, il faut + INF, il ne faut pas + INF, se reposer, levez, mettez, allez au lit, après + avant le repas, être prudent, revenez d'ici + time, pendant, faites

Je bois, je ne bois pas, par iour/semaine. car c'est, certains jeunes boivent car, ils pensent que c'est, je pense que c'est, une perte de temps/ d'argent, mauvais pour la santé, alcool, sans alcool.dégoûtant. le foie, la gorge, la bouche, la vue, dangereux, ivre, nuisible, néfaste, la pression, ca coute les yeux de la tete, imiter leurs copains, ils veulent, ie ne boirai jamais, moins cher, trop cher, une boisson alcoolisée. sortir, une fete, arrêter de boire, accro, le cerveau

Le droit de vote, les hommes politiques, l'avortement (l'IVG), le compte bancaire, travailler, avoir le droit de, célibataire, un mari, une femme, se marier, avoir beaucoup d'enfants, interdit, la contraception, la pillule contraceptive,

Une manifestation, une émeute, les étudiants, les syndicats, des grèves, la SNCF, le gouvernement, "sous le pavé, la plage", l'université

C'est bon pour + **INTERNAL BODY part** (les os, le cerveau, le foie, le sang) Tous les jours, d'habitude, de temps en temps, actuellement. de nos jours, il y a + TIME (ago), hier, dans le passé. demain, dans le futur, à l'avenir, quand j'étais plus jeune, rarement, deux fois par semaine, souvent, moins souvent, normalement, ne + iamais. Pour mon "dernier repas", "repas de rêves" and "repas cauchemardesque"...

Je mangerais...

Je boirais...

Je prendrais...

Ca serait...

Mais/pourtant...

J'aimerais essayer/ goûter...car

J'aurais horreur de manger/ boire...car

Ca serait + sucré, salé, dégoûtant, délicieux, bon pour la santé, mauvais pour la santé, savoureux, gouteux... Qu'est-ce qu'on peut prendre?

Comment peut-on résoudre la situation?

Offrir / avoir / être remboursé(e) / un remboursement / remplacer

Un autre repas

Une boisson gratuite

Un repas gratuit

Je suis désolé(e)
Je vais revenir

Je ne vais jamais

L'intoxication alimentaire

revenir

Le service était + Adi

La nourriture était + Adi

Fruits de mer, crevettes, moules, homard, poisson, thon Boulangerie, pâtisserie, chocolaterie, bijouterie, boutique,

chocolaterie, bijouterie, boutique, boucherie, charcuterie, épicerie, grande surface, confiserie, fromagerie, poissonnerie, banque, poste, pharmacie,

tabac, quincaillerie

C'est décevant, encourageant, intéressant, choquant, surprenant, déprimant

En Angleterre/ au Royaume-Uni, le gouvernement a banni/ interdit...pour aider le problème

Par conséquent/ en conséquence...

Par rapport

A mon avis, le gouvernement devrait/ pourrait augmenter/ diminuer le prix de...interdire/ bannir... ca serait...

Mince, gros, taille, ,maigrir, grossir, grandir

Trop, plus, moins..
Je me sens...triste, déprimé, en colere,
J'en ai marre

Key Knowledge:

To recall, learn, say, write and understand what I read and hear about sports activities in THREE tenses with opinions

To be able to say when and where you do sports

To explain how long you have done a sport for.

To recognise, say and understand a range of body parts (external and internal) and explain what hurts.

To describe different ways you feel ill and explain how you became ill

To say what you need to feel better

Curriculum links: Links to

Je prends, je ne prends pas, mes amis se droguent, certains prennent de la drogue car c'est, certains jeunes consomment des stupéfiants car. ils pensent que c'est, je pense que c'est, une perte de temps/ d'argent, mauvais pour la santé, accro, un overdose, dégoûtant, entrainer/provoquer la mort, dangereux, ivre, nuisible, néfaste, la pression, ca coute les yeux de la tete. imiter leurs copains, ils veulent, les SDF, les banlieues, la toxicomanie, les toxicomanes, les associations, la thérapie, aider, il faut aider, les dealers, la criminalité

Le racisme. les préjugés, l'embauche, l'argent, la pauvreté, le manque d'espoir, les HLMs, la condition de vie. issu de. défavorisé. dépourvu. le pillage. le vol. la criminalité le couvre-feu, le chômage. la police. les gendarmes, les forces de l'ordre, les incendies, incendier, les voituresPauvreté. prix, essence, carburants. camionneurs. bloquer. augmentation, hausse, déclin, conditions de vie, faire grève, arrêter, soutien, le chômage, manifestation, SDFs, sans abris, sacs de couchage, associations caritatives. bénévoles

Key Knowledge:

To understand why the population of France is so diverse

Si c'était mon dernier repas, je prendrais/ je mangerais/ je boirais / je commanderais...

Key Knowledge:

A range of different foods and food categories e.g. meat, veg, fruit, dairy products including those from francophone countries around the world.

A range of different drinks and drink categories e.g. hot drinks, cold drinks, fizzy drinks including those from francophone countries around the world.

Food & drink verbs and different meals

Areas in France and the francophone world that produce different types of food/drink and why

What's in your food and is it healthy? Which foods have which vitamins and what do they do?

When/ how often do you eat these foods?

Tout droit, 1ère rue à gauche/ droite, rond point, feux, jusqu à,pont,

Qu'est ce que tu veux acheter?

Il faut aller à la/au/aux...

Ou se trouve...?

Key Knowledge:

To count, identify and recall numbers between 1 - 100. To carry out simple conversions between £s and Euros

To state how much food/drink I would like/I need using quantities in French

To ask how to find things and understand directions (next to, 1st, second shelf)

To specify which product you want (bigger, smaller, more, less)

To be able to reserve a table and have conversations with waiter/waitress

Ne + jamais

Ne + personne...

Beaucoup de pression

Travail scolaire

Devoirs

Tu devrais, tu pourrais + INF!, Peux-tu...+ INF?

Je vous conseille de...

Cher/chère

Aidez-moi!

Amitiés, Bisous...

Je serais reconnaissant(e) si vous pourriez....

Panique-pas!

II faut + INF

Key Knowledge:

To compare our lifestyle in the PRESENT to our lifestyle in the PAST

To say and understand a range of things I could and should do to be healthier

Je dors bien. i'ai du mal à dormir, je ne peux pas dormir, à cause de....+ raisons, ie suis stressé(e), je bois trop de caféine, café. i'ai dormi. i'ai bien dormi, ie me couche tard, trop tard. Tard. avant de dormir j'aime, je bois. ie ioue. i'utilise. pour m'aider, je pourrais + INF, je ne devrais pas + INF, le repos, reposer, se détendre, le sommeil, je suis fatigué(e)bon/mauva is pour la santé. le cerveau, pendant + number+ par nuit/jour, si je suis fatigué(e), je ne peux pas, me concentrer, bien travailler, prendre la grasse matinée

To understand why immigrants came to France from the Maghreb and their role in rebuilding France

To understand why and how the women's roles in France have changed and evolved since 1945

To understand why and how the May 1968 student demonstrations happened and the legacy of this event today

To understand and be able to describe the origins and factors which caused the "gilet jaune" movement in France

To understand gist and key details I read and hear about life in the Parisian suburbs and events that led up to the riots in 2005

Describe your "dernier repas" or your "repas de rêves" and your "repas cauchemardesque" and explain why.

Curriculum links: Links to Food Technology and Science with the focus on food types and healthy eating and RE with exploration of French culture and festivals.

To be able to make a complaint about food/service and find/request solutions

To understand and state what people are allergic to

To understand and use a range of shops in French and be able to give examples of what they sell.

To ask how to find different shops and give/ understand directions.

Curriculum links: Links to To say what the impact/ consequences of these choices would be of healthier eating

To explain/describe why people make healthy/unhealthy food/drink choices

To understand the difference between childhood obesity figures in UK/ France and compare/analyse figures/graphs in

To read and write increasingly extended texts about healthy and unhealthy lifestyles

French

To give advice on how to be healthier

Curriculum links: Links to

Être stressé(e). être détendu. la pressions, le travail scolaire, les disputes, je me détends, j'ai du mal à me détendre, se relaxer, j'aime me relaxer en + present participle, regarder la télé, sortir avec mes amis, se défouler, aller aux concerts. promener le chien, allumer les bougies, méditer, la méditation, prendre du voga, tranquille, calme, espaces verts, prendre des promenades, en colère, j'en ai marre de, frustrant, pénible, casse-pieds,

Key Knowledge:

To understand reasons why some people smoke and explain the consequences

To understand reasons why some people drink and explain the consequences

Curriculum links:

Links to Politics / sociology / PSHE: Racism, prejudice, equality and women's rights

		To understand the financial and health consequences of taking different drugs and why some people take them To be able to write
		and talk about sleep habits, things that prevent you from sleeping and the consequences of not getting enough sleep
		To be able to write and talk about stress, things that make us stressed and what we can do to combat stress
		To produce and extended response to a GCSE-style question about my health using three time frames, details, opinions and explanations and
		making reference to food, sport, stress, smoking, alcohol, drugs and sleep.

		Curriculum links:	
		Links to Biology and	
		Chemistry and PSHE	
		regarding alcohol,	
		drugs and the effects	
		on our bodies.	

Content: Identity & Culture Transition

Relationships with Family & Friends and activities with them in the PRESENT, PAST and FUTURE

Key Vocabulary:

Se disputer, s'entendre, se marier, se pacser, divorcer, à l'avenir, dans le passé, je voulais + INF, je voudrais + INF, j'ai toujours voulu + INF, ami/petit-ami, père/beau-père, possessive adjectives e.g. mon, ma mes etc, time-phrases/adverbs e.g. de nos jours, actuellement, autrefois, lune de miel,

+ STIMULUS
CARD-related phrases

Content: Global Issues:

Regions in the French
Speaking World:
Different types of
house, advantages &
disadvantages of
living in different
areas, twin-towns
and ideal town/
accommodation.

Key Vocabulary

J'habite + depuis, dans le passé j'habitais, actuellement i'habite, dans un monde idéal ie voudrais habiter/j'habiterais, CONDITIONAL MOOD + conditional of irregular verbs, prepositions, comparitives (plus, moins, aussi), si constructions: SI J'HABITAIS à/en/aux / dans...je pourrais + INF, louer/location, HLM, SDF,

Content:

Global Areas of Interest: Travel & Tourism on a local, national & international scale: Methods of travel with advantages/ disadvantages, countries, types of holiday & holiday preferences, dream vs nightmare holidays, holiday activities in PAST. PRESENT, FUTURE & CONDITIONAL. advantages & disadvantages of tourism on a region.

Key Vocabulary

Content:

Global areas of Interest: Social Issues including poverty & inequality and solutions including volunteering & charity work

Content:

Global areas of Interest: Health problems and solutions and lifestyle including obesity, eating disorders, smoking, drugs and alcohol.

Key Vocabulary

Content:

Global areas of Interest: Local, national and global environmental problems and solutions.

A l'arrière-plan, au premier plan, on peut voir, avoir l'air + ADJ, être en train de + INF. à mon avis

Key Knowledge

- How do you get on with your family/friends?
- What are the main reasons for arguments?
- What was your relationship like in the past with family/ friends compared to nowadays?
- What influence do your friends have on you?
- Would you like to have a big family in the future? Advantages/ disadvantages?

Key Knowledge

- Where do you live – house / town / region
- Where did vou used to live and how was it different?
- Where would you (like to) live in an ideal world - house /town/ region?
- What are/ would be / were the advantages and disadvantages of living in X?
- Would you like to live in France/Paris/ a big city the countryside?

Aller/Prendre in PERFECT, IMPERFECT, PRESENT, FUTURE + CONDITIONAL. au/aux vs en and à, avion, bateau, moto, à pied, bon pour l'économie, cher/ moins cher. à l'étranger, mauvais/mieux pour l'environnement, mes vacances de rêve, mes vacances cauchemardesques , marcher (to work), en panne, les délais, au camping, s'amuser, se reposer, colonie de vacances, vacances actives (ski), vacances en famille/groupe, voyages dans la nature (safari, camping), vacances à la plage, voyages de luxe, croisière, voyages culturelles, voyages

humanitaires à

Key Vocabulary

Pollution de l'air, de la mer et de la terre. problèmes environnementaux. un manque de, déchets, faire du tri, pistes cyclables, je devrais/on devrait + INF, je pourrais/on pourrait + INF, laisser tomber, détruire, introduire, construire, les transportts en commun, les espaces verts, centre de tri, emballage, couche d'ozone, effet de serre, voiture électrique, essence, augmenter, diminuer le prix de, interdire, zone piétonne, endommager, sale, partout, en voie de disparition, de moins en moins de/ de plus en plus de, le conseil de l'ile de Wight devrait + INF, panneaux solaires, respecter, une ferme éolienne, énergies

renouvelables.

protéger, pratiquer la

Key Vocabulary

pauvreté, misère, défavorisé, cité, banlieues, allocations. émeutes, sans, démuni, argent, rien, dans la rue, SDF, sans abris, HLM, immeuble, immigrés, issu de, avoir du mal à, scolarisé, manque de scolarité. mendier, faire la manche, chercheur d'asile, pays d'accueil, faire du bénévolat. bénévole, association caritative, magasin caritatif/d'entr'aide, Restos du Cœur, au chômage, le chômage, un chômeur, un clochard, sans emploi, malade, les préjugés, discrimination. fille-mère, emploi saisonnier, avoir les moyens de, manque d'espoir

IMPERFECT of ETRE. AVOIR and FAIRE. comparison language between previous and current lifestyles, MANGER & BOIRE in a range of tenses, troubles alimentaires. toxicomanie. la prise/consommation de drogue. le tabagisme, poumons, cerveau, sportif, accro, mener une vie saine, malsain, boissons gazeuses, lutter contre, dépendance, sans sucre, plein de, qui contient, sel, sucre, matières grasses, grossir, maigre comme un clou, les réseaux sociaux

Key Knowledge

 Do you lead a healthy life?

- What did you do last weekend with your friends/family? What do you normally do? Next weekend?
- What are your personality traits?
- Can you describe your ideal friend/ partner/ parent?
- What are the advantages and disadvantages of marriage?
- What is the impact of divorce?

Curriculum links (backwards as well as forwards)

- How is life different for people living in francophone countries like Togo? Burkina Faso? DRC (the world's most populated French-speaki ng country)? Belgium? Ouébec in Canada?
- What would you do to improve your town of you were the Mayor/ Mayoress?

Curriculum links

l'étranger,

Key Knowledge

- Where do you usually go on holiday?
- Where did you used to go on holiday/ describe a recent holiday?
- Where are you going to go on holiday in the summer/ne xt year?
- Describe a memorable holiday – could be dream or nightmare holiday.

politique de l'autruche Key Knowledge

- What are the environmental problems in your local area?
- Can you give examples of things you have seen that have shocked you e.g. at the festival (litter), at the beach, a documentary?
- What problems on the IW are caused by tourism/tourist
 s?
- what
 can/should/cou
 ld we/the IW
 council do to
 protect our
 local area?

Key Knowledge

What are

- the social issues in your local area poverty (seasonal work), teenage pregnancy, lack of aspirations, unemployment, drugs...
- Do you give to charity? – why/why not?

Have you

done/would
you like to
do
volunteering
for which
organisation
s and why?

- Did you used to lead a healthy life in the past?
- What could/shoul d you do to lead a healthier life in the future?
- Do you like sport? Do you do more/less sport now than in the past?
- Why do so many young people take so many risks with their health?

Students will build on their knowledge of family members, opinions and descriptions from Year 7-9 but develop skills in extending responses to include reasons behind opinions and relating the theme to past and future events.

Foundations for the Year 11 speaking test will be laid in this half term where we will focus on the photo card generic set phrases which will be able to be applied to any stimulus card on any topic.

Speaking and listening skills through pair work and TL spoken in the classroom/ with FLA will be a major focus as students move from KS3 to the demands of KS4.

Cultural Capital

Looking at different types of relationship – living together, (vivre en concubinage), civil partnership (le PACS), marriage and divorce.

(backwards as well as forwards)

Students will build on their knowledge of the "Where I live" topic including opinions and descriptions from Year 7-9 but develop skills in extending responses to include reasons behind opinions and relating the theme to the past and future, as well as hypothetical use of language (conditional).

Foundations for the Year 11 speaking test will be built upon in this half term where we will look at several photo cards as elements to both the Foundation writing and the Foundation/Higher Speaking exam on the topic of accommodation and local area.

Why are holidays important? (For us but also for places which rely on tourism)

What are

the advantages and disadvantag es of different types of holiday/tou rism mental/phy sical health. broaden cultural horizons, languages, cost, economy, culture. globalisatio

n?

- What other environmental problems are there in big cities e.g. London/ Paris?
- What solutions can we put in place to help? e.g alternance for air pollution in Paris
- What problems will global warming cause/ has global warming already caused on a local, national and global scale? How will rising
 - Which sea levels and increased temperatures, s help tsunamis. deforestation etc impact on king French-speakin g countries around the thev do? world?

- If you saw a homeless person in the street. would you give them money – why/why not?
- What are the factors that might lead to homelessne ss?
- What can we do to help the homeless/ the poor?
- charities and organisation people in French-spea countries and what do

Curriculum links (backwards as well as forwards)

- What could/shoul d the government do to help young people lead healthier lives?
- Is it easy to lead a healthy life nowadays?
- Do you smoke/drin k? Why/why not?
- Do young people have a lot of stress in their lives?

Understanding of how trends in France have changed and why.
Reference to LGBTQ+ community in France and legalisation of gay marriage with the Manif pour Tous vs Mariage pour tous.

Understanding of "la famille nombreuse" and issues relating to it — catholic history, abortion law, benefits, discounts, some French-speaking countries in Africa and why they would have more children.

Students will now be expected to follow and extend the ADI structure in all spoken and written responses – answer, development and initiative. Written and spoken accuracy, particularly with tenses, will be a focus for this half term.

Cultural Capital

Understanding issues facing young people in less economically developed countries: disease, infant mortality, health care, education, child labour (with cobalt mining for mobile phone companies in DRC), girl/boy inequalities, employment

Mortgages vs renting in big cities, housing problems, homelessness

Immigration – why do people leave their country?

- What would be your dream/ideal holiday?
- What would be your nightmare holiday?
- Where do French people go on holiday & why?

Curriculum links (backwards as well as forwards)

Students will build on their knowledge of the "Holidays" topic including opinions and descriptions from Year 7-9 but develop skills in extending responses to include reasons behind opinions and relating the theme to the past and future, as well as hypothetical use of language (conditional).

- What small things can we all do that will make a big difference?
- What did you do recently to help the environment – at home in your local area?
- What will you do/could you do in the future e,g, next weekend, in the holidays, when you're older, to help the environment?
- What do you usually do to help the environment? Do you think you do enough to help?
- Why do so many people not respect or want to protect the environment

Students will build on their knowledge of the "World of Work" for the volunteering element of this topic including opinions and descriptions from Year 7-9 but develop skills in extending responses to include unemployment and reasons behind working/ volunteering for different sectors and extending the theme to include the past and future, as well as hypothetical use of language (conditional) - would vou like to volunteer? Would you give money to the homeless?

Looking ahead, this feeds in to several of the topics at A level – marginalised people, discrimination and prejudice, strikes and protests, voting, politics – right/left wing approaches to immigration and employment.

- What can they do to help reduce stress in their lives?
 What role does technology/ social media play in this stress/press ure?
- Why is obesity such a problem in young people today?
- What can we do to fight against obesity government? Media? School? Whose responsibility is it?

Foundations for the Year 11 speaking, listening and writing tests will be built upon in this half term where we will look at a photo card as elements to both the Foundation writing and the Foundation/Higher Speaking exam and Foundation/Higher length writing pieces with both 2 (H) and 4 (F) bullet points on the topic of Travel and Tourism.

Students will now be expected to follow and extend the ADI structure in all spoken and written responses – answer, development and initiative. Written and spoken accuracy, particularly with tenses, will remain a focus for this half term and longer extracts for listening will be introduced.

Cultural Capital

Curriculum links

(backwards as well as forwards)

This has links to the previous topic of travel and tourism and the impact of tourism/tourists on our local area and environment.

Foundations for the Year 11 speaking, reading and writing tests will be further established in this half term where we will look at a photo card as elements to both the Foundation writing and the Foundation/Higher Speaking exam and Foundation/Higher length writing pieces with both 2 (H) and 4 (F) bullet points on the topic of Environment.

Speaking skills will be developed through FLA and whole-class speed dating and repeated questioning and answering sessions on the following TWO questions:

Cultural Capital

Looking at the Devise de la République — Liberté, Egalité, Fraternité and why these values don't represent all people in France and the French-speaking world.

Understanding life in the Banlieues Parisiennes – poverty, unemployment, drugs and the impact on hope/aspirations for young people.

Curriculum links (backwards as well as forwards)

Students will build

on their knowledge of the "Food". "Sports & Pastimes" and "Technology/Social Media" topics including opinions and descriptions from Year 7-9 but develop skills in extending responses to include positive and negative consequences of healthy and unhealthy lifestyles and extending the theme to include past and future lifestyles, as well as hypothetical use of language (conditional) – what could/should you do to be healthier? Would you like to try extreme sports?

Cultural Capital

Exploring the range of environments on offer in France for tourists beaches/water sports/hot weather/luxury city breaks in the South (Cannes/Saint Tropez, Provence/ Nice), mountains/skiing/ winter sports in Alps, Chamonix, Courcheval. Meribel, Val d'Isère, Pyrenees, camping by lakes/rivers in Ardèche. Dordogne, Loire, Auvergne, cultural **breaks** involving traditional music. local crafts, dances, traditional costume, cuisine, gastronomy in Brittany, Normandy, l'écotourisme/ vacances écologiques and humanitarian

- Quels sont les problèmes environnementa ux dans ta région ?
- Qu'est ce qu'on peut faire pour aider notre environnement ici ?

Students will now be expected to follow and extend the ADI structure in all spoken and written responses – answer, development and initiative building to 90 words (F) and 150 (H) words in the written form and use "à mon avis" with a range of opinions and reasons to give their thoughts on environmental issues.

Cultural Capital

Exploring the idea of taking personal responsibility faced with local, national and global environmental issues.

Veganism and vegetarianism – impact on the environment.

Exploring a range of voluntary and charity organisations in France which help the less fortunate – Restos du Coeur, Médecins Sans Frontieres, Banques ALimentaires, Croix Rouge, Abbé Pierre...

Discussing impact of high unemployment in certain areas, particularly within immigrant population but also with over-qualified French people who pursue the Licence, Maitrise, Doctorat route and are then too qualified to want to do work they consider work they consider to be beneath them.

Exploring the difference between alcohol and smoking culture in young people in France and the UK.

Discussing how government regulations have impacted on the health of young people in both France and UK – Jamie Oliver's school dinners, banning fastfood/crisps, banning adverts, Mangez Bougez campaign in France.

Exploring impact of exercise on both physical and mental health.

Content: Technology

https://www.aqa.org.uk/ subjects/languages/gcse /french-8658/subject-co ntent/vocabulary

Technology Vocab: pp 40-41

https://www.kerboodl e.com/api/courses/40 061/interactives/1470 70.html

Key Knowledge

Describing the advantages and disadvantages of the mobile phone (including internet), relating advantages and disadvantages to personal experience in a range of tenses

Explaining how, when and why you use your

phone

Content: Wider possibilities in freetime including: attending festivals (both religious e.g. Christmas, Eid and non-religious e.g. music festivals, birthdays) and VOLUNTEERING

Key Vocabulary

Customs & Festivals pp74-75

https://www.kerboo dle.com/api/courses/ 40061/interactives/1 47070.html

Volunteering: Page 106

https://www.kerboo dle.com/api/courses/ 40061/interactives/1 47070.html

Key Knowledge

Content: Current and future study and employment

My studies and life at school and college

Key Vocabulary:

https://www.kerbo odle.com/api/cours es/40061/interacti ves/147070.html (page 156 - 157)

Key Knowledge

Describing a day in school.

revision of the perfect tense of regular er verbs.

Describing physical properties.

Describing school life in different countries.

Revision of the perfect tense of ir and re verbs.

School rules and uniform.

Content: University or work. Jobs, career choices and ambitions

Education post 16

Choice of career

Key Vocabulary

https://www.kerboodl e.com/api/courses/40 061/interactives/1470 70.html (page 168 -169)

Key Knowledge

Talking about future options.

Revision of si clauses in present tense.

Ignoring works that are not needed in listening tests.

Discussing university and apprenticeships.

Using quand clauses with the future tense.

Being aware of faux amis when translating into English.

Discussing how to get a job.

Content:

Consolidation of speaking, listening, reading and writing skills

Key Vocabulary

https://www.kerbood le.com/api/courses/4 0061/interactives/14 7070.html

Key Knowledge

Past papers - listening, reading and writing

Past papers - listening and reading

Photo cards

Exampro - focusing on listening and reading questions

Listening strategies

Reading strategies

Problems with your current/ old phone

e.g. too big/small, cracked/broken screen, poor signal, cost, not fashionable,

Describing the phone you'd like to buy in the future and why

Advantages and disadvantages of social media relating advantages and disadvantages to personal experience in a range of tenses

Do you/young people spend too much time on the internet/ phone / social media? What are the consequences? What can we do about it? Whose responsibility is it - government, schools, parents, young people?

How young people spend their free-time nowadays compared to 30 years ago.

Understanding when hearing/ reading information and details about a range of religious and non-religious festivals in France and francophone countries.

Using keywords from what you have read/ listened to formulate real or imagined festival experiences in the past and describe and explain which festivals you would/wouldn't like to attend in the future.

Similarities and differences between Christmas and Easter in France and UK.

Revision of pouvoir, devoir and vouloir.

Using verbal and visual context in reading.

Talking about your ideal school.

Revision of the conditional tense.

Using more than one tense in the same sentence.

Curriculum links

(backwards as well as forwards)

Students will build on their knowledge of school subjects, opinions and descriptions from Year 7-9 but develop skills in extending responses to include reasons behind opinions and relating the theme to past and future events.

Passive voice in the present tense.

Using que and qui to help you refer to something.

Talking about the advantages and disadvantages of jobs.

Avoiding the passive. Using French idioms.

Curriculum links

(backwards as well as forwards)

Students will build on their knowledge of Education post 16, jobs and careers including opinions and descriptions from Year 7-9 but develop skills in extending responses to include reasons behind opinions and relating the theme to the past and future, as well as hypothetical use of language (conditional).

Revision of all topics using the listening and reading end of unit assessments.

Photo cards and role play scenarios

Exampro - focusing on all skill areas.

Recap speaking strategies.

Photo cards as starter activities

Completion and practise of speaking booklet.

Recap of listening strategies.

15 mins of listening extracts within each lesson. (exampro)

Recap of reading strategies.

15 mins of reading questions. (exampro)

Last weekend, next weekend and typical weekend activities

Curriculum links (backwards as well as forwards)

Students will revise and develop their knowledge of verb endings in a range of tenses using the verb "utiliser"

E.g. I use, I used to use, I used, I'm going to use, I would like to use (with negatives) and apply this to other verbs (old and new) on this topic.

Students will revise the use of adverbs and time-references e.g. usually, in the past, when I was younger, when I'm older. Talk and write about memorable/unforget table festival experience in the past e.g. IW festival, Christmas, birthday, Cowes week, New Year

Volunteering:

Different places you can volunteer and a range of charities in France and what they do.

Groups of people who are helped by volunteering e.g. elderly, children, poor people, libraries, food banks, unemployed, homeless etc

Foundations for the Year 11 speaking test will be laid in this half term where we will focus on the photo card generic set phrases which will be able to be applied to any stimulus card on any topic.

Speaking and listening skills through pair work and TL spoken in the classroom/ with FLA will be a major focus as students move from KS3 to the demands of KS4.

Cultural Capital

Looking at different types of schools, mixed, single sex and religious as well as comparing the French and English educational systems. Foundations for the Year 11 speaking test will be built upon in this half term where we will look at several photo cards as elements to both the Foundation writing and the Foundation/Higher Speaking exam on the topic of school, education, jobs and ambitions

Students will now be expected to follow and extend the ADI structure in all spoken and written responses – answer, development and initiative. Written and spoken accuracy, particularly with tenses, will be a focus for this half term.

Cultural Capital

Understanding the choices available and the advantages and disadvantages of university versus work and apprenticeships.

Recap of writing. 15 mins of writing questions - varying from 45, 90, 140 words. (exampro)

Revision of all topics using the speaking, listening, reading and writing end of unit assessments.

Vocabulary builder for revision of all vocab.Use of apps such as Linguascope, Seneca and duo-lingo to aid revision.

Rag system referring to topic revision.

Use of apps such as Linguascope, Seneca and duo-lingo to aid revision.

Students will extend their answers beyond the minimum using the ADI structure

(Answer,
Development,
Initiative) and apply
this to the writing of
model answers in their
speaking booklets
(introduced last year)
and in their spoken
answers during pair
work/ class speaking
activities like
speed-dating.

Recap a range of free-time activities from KS3 and revise formation of verbs incl sports with jouer and faire. Build on these by manipulating tenses using the starters: quand j'étais plus jeune, normalement/actuelle ment, quand je serai plus âgé, dans le futur.

Advantages and disadvantages of volunteering e.g. enrichir votre CV, aider les gens, fournir de l'expérience professionnelle, le gouvernement n'a pas de fonds illimités but also ce n'est pas rémunéré, le gouvernement devrait faire plus pour aider les pauvres, les enfants qui souffrent des troubles de l'attachement dans les orphelinats a l'étranger.

Writing model answers for written paper and speaking booklet about volunteering:

Do you do/ have you done volunteering/ charity work? WHy/ why not?

Curriculum links (backwards as well as forwards)

This has links to the previous topics. Foundations for the Year 11 speaking and writing tests will be further established in this half term where we will look at a photo card as elements to both the Foundation writing and the Foundation/Higher Speaking exam and Foundation/Higher length writing pieces with both 2 (H) and 4 (F) bullet points.

Speaking skills will be developed through FLA and whole-class speed dating and repeated questioning and answering sessions.

Carousel activities.

Describe a typical weekend using si constructions e.g. S'il fait beau, je + present (revision of weather from KS3)

Describe next weekend's plans using si constructions e.g. s'il pleut/ si je ne suis pas trop fatigué, je vais + INF (revision of immediate future from KS3 and addition of simple future fo KS4)

Describe last
weekend's activities
including linking
activities together with
the linking expressions
"après avoir/être" +
past participle and
avant de + INF

Cultural Capital

Would you like to do voluntary work in the future? Why/ why not?

Curriculum links (backwards as well as forwards)

Linking back to social issues covered at the end of Y10 - lots of trips and other events in the last half term of summer mean that knowledge here could be patchy for students involved in sporting events, drama/music events and reward trips.

Links forward to Year ONE of A level course - unit on bénévolat.

Revision of adjectives from Year 7 to 10 with the extension of explanation of opinions.

Cultural Capital

Students will now be expected to follow and extend the ADI structure in all spoken and written responses – answer, development and initiative building to 90 words (F) and 150 (H) words in the written form.

Students will build on their knowledge of all topics including opinions and descriptions from Year 7-9 but develop skills in extending responses to include reasons behind opinions and relating the theme to the past and future, as well as hypothetical use of language (conditional).

Foundations for the Year 11 listening and reading tests will be built upon in this half term where we will look at a photo card as elements to both the Foundation and Higher listening and reading.

Understand the impact on physical, emotional and mental health and well-being of too much time spent on internet video games, social media, phones etc e.g. eating disorders, depression, suicide.

Understand the positive power of social media with the #metoo movement, the #jesuisCharlie (Charlie Hebdo attacks) and the mega fundraising campaign that went viral following the fire in Notre Dame, Paris.

Understand how social media and internet gaming sites etc are addictive and why young people are easy targets.

The foodbank debate

- should individuals be buying food for people who can't afford to eat or is it the responsibility of the government? The people themselves? How will the government know people are starving if the food banks are run by volunteers and charities?

The idiom/concept of "money doesn't grow on trees" - budgets and the idea of ring-fencing money, prioritising.

Billions of pounds donated and being spent on the reconstruction of Notre Dame while thousands of people including children are sleeping on the streets and starving.

Students will now be expected to follow and extend the ADI structure in all spoken and written responses — answer, development and initiative. reading and listening accuracy, particularly with tenses, will remain a focus for this half term and longer extracts for listening will be introduced.

Consolidation of all skills, strategies, topics, grammar points and tenses.

Cultural Capital

Developing confidence.

Independent study discipline.

Strategies for coping with speaking, listening, reading and writing exam questions.

	Immigration - looking at immigration camps like Sangatte and Le Jungle and the volunteers who run them. Potential DVD showing of excerpts of "Welcome" (rated 15) if permission given with focus on life in the camps and volunteers.	Revision strategies and preparation for exams to aid well being Independent study discipline. Organisational skills.	
i	Different french charities you can volunteer for including: Restos du Coeur and La Croix Rouge.		